## County Permissive License Tax Public Hearing Presentation

Prepared by the Summit County Engineer's Office January 22<sup>nd</sup> and 29<sup>th</sup>, 2018

#### Background

- \* The 132<sup>nd</sup> General Assembly passed House Bill 26, also known as the State Transportation Bill, which took effect June 30, 2017.
- \* HB 26 added Ohio Revised Code Section 4504.24 authorizing counties to place a third additional \$5 license tax on the operation of motor vehicles on the public roads and highways within counties.

#### **Funding History**

- \* The Ohio General Assembly authorized the additional \$5 fee because they recognized the stagnant funding of local transportation systems and that counties were struggling to keep up with the need for bridge replacements and road repair.
- \* The federal gas tax has not been increased since 1993, the state gas tax has not been increased since 2005 and the last county \$5 permissive fee that was enacted was in 1987.

#### Motor Vehicle Registration Fee History

- \* 1968: First County \$5 Permissive Tax
- \* 1987: Second County \$5 Permissive Tax
- \* 2002: Registrar Fees increased to \$3.50
- \* 2003: Registration Fees increased by \$11 but none of this went to counties

#### Gasoline Tax History

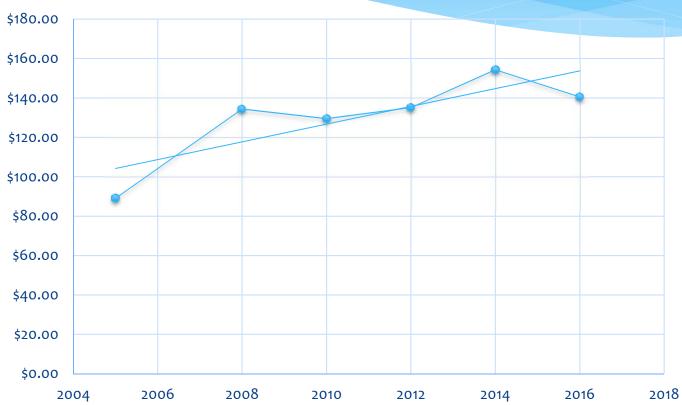
- \* Ohio Gas Tax
  - \* 1987: 14.7 cents
  - \* 1987: 18.0 cents
  - \* 1990: 20.0 cents
  - \* 1991: 21.0 cents
  - \* 1992: 22.0 cents
  - \* 2003: 24.0 cents
  - \* 2004: 26.0 cents
  - \* 2005: 28.0 cents

- \* Federal Gas Tax
  - \* 1987: 9.1 cents
  - \* 1990: 14.1 cents
  - \* 1993: 18.4 cents

# Stagnant Revenue and Rising Costs

#### Asphalt Increase Since 2005: 57.8%





#### Steel Increase Since 2005: 34.7%

#### Steel (Per Pound)



#### Concrete Increase Since 2005: 10%

#### **Concrete (Per Square Yard)**



# Road Paint Increase Since 2005: 38.25%

#### Road Paint (Per Mile)



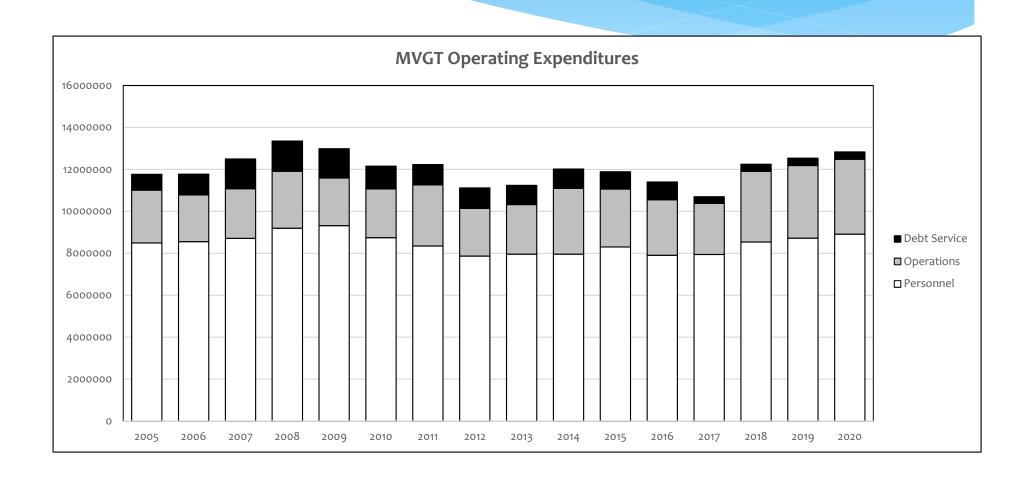
#### Other Counties' Solutions

- \* To deal with stagnant or declining revenue and rising costs, many counties have enacted county road and bridge levies.
- \* Counties such as Delaware County have dedicated a portion of their sales tax to fund county roads and bridges.
- \* Summit County has no road levy or dedicated sales tax funding.

#### Summit County History

- \* Instead of levying additional fees during the time of stagnant funding and a recession, the Summit County Engineer's office drastically reduced operating expenses.
- \* In 2008 the engineer's office had operating expenses of \$13.3M. By 2016 that was down to \$11.4M.
- \* SCE has reduced the number of employees from 135 in 2009 to 97 in 2016.

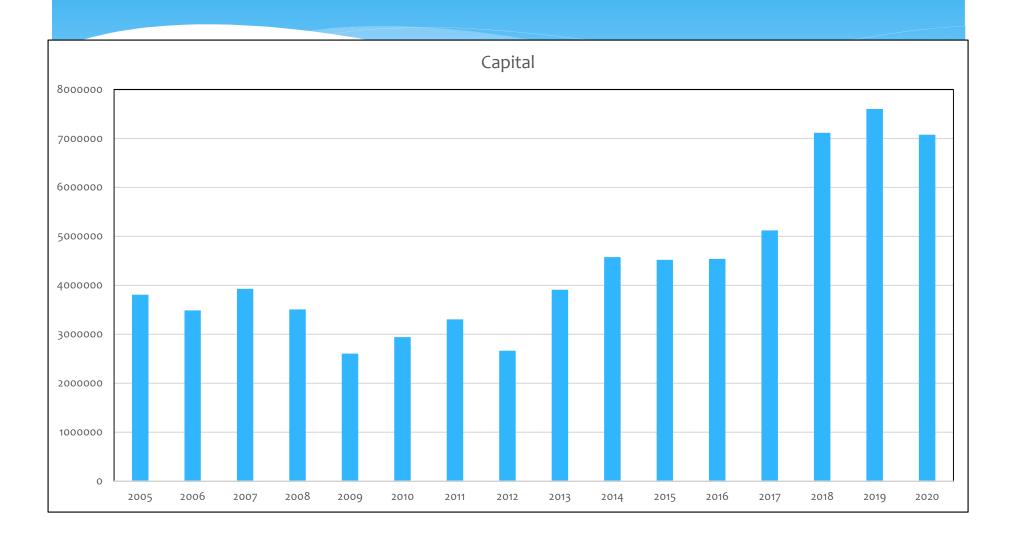
### MVGT Operating Expenditures



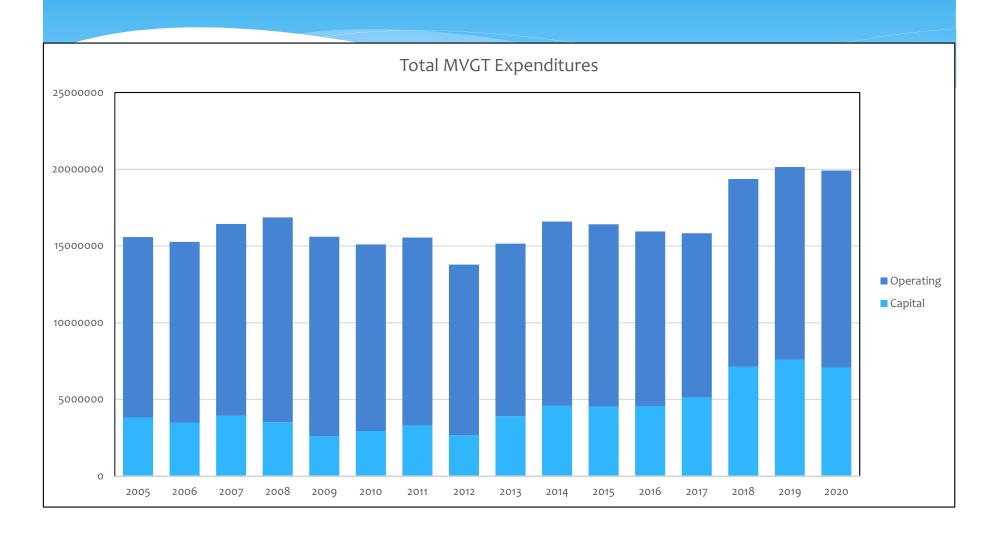
#### Back to the Basics

- \* Any money saved by reducing operating costs was put into capital and maintaining existing roads and bridges.
- \* We were able to increase funding for our capital program, reduce our number of structurally deficient bridges and increase our pavement condition ratings.
- \* However, many projects continue to be pushed back into later years because of lack of funding.

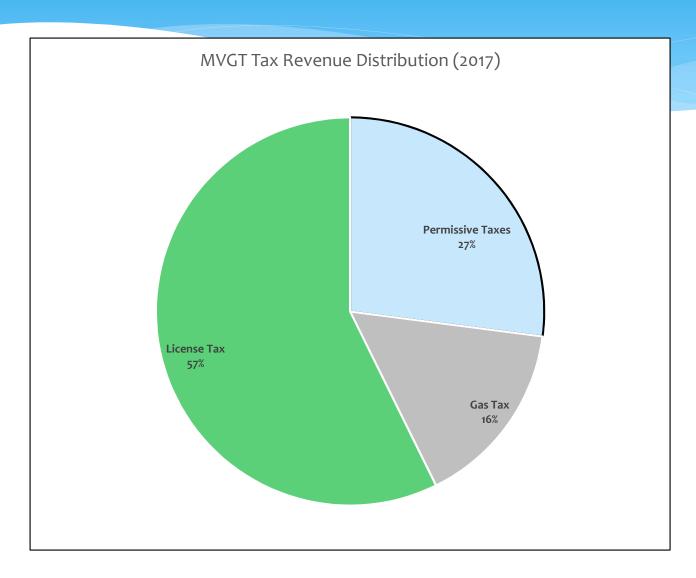
#### **MVGT Capital Expenditures**



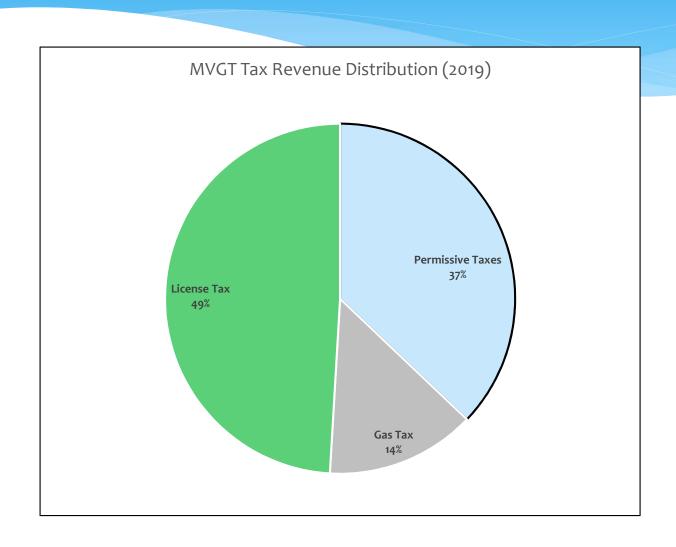
### Total MVGT Expenditures



#### Motor Vehicle and Gas Tax Fund Revenue Sources



### Projected Revenue



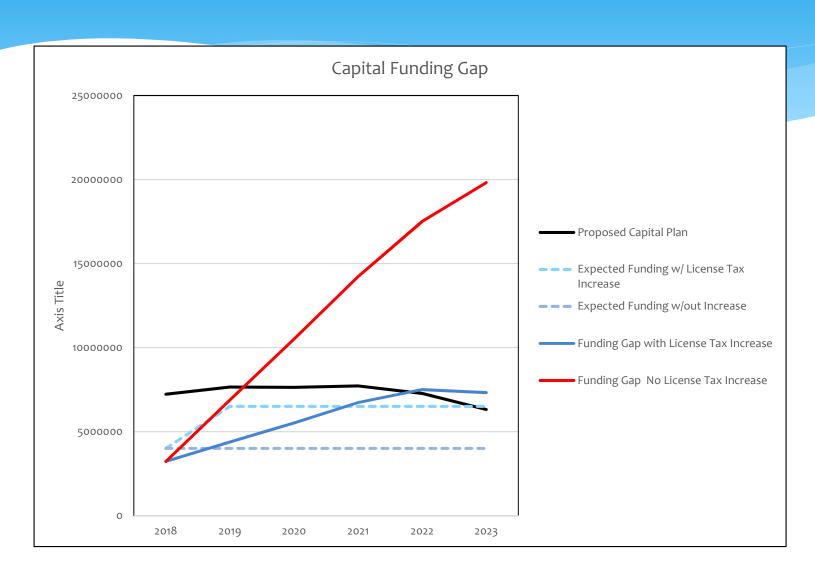
## Proposed Motor Vehicle Registration Fees

- \* State registration fees are \$34.50.
- \* Local permissive fees are between \$15 and \$20 depending on the community.
- \* This \$5 increase is projected to bring in an additional \$2.6 million annually for Summit County roads and bridges.

#### Where would the money go?

- \* SCE pledges to only use the additional funding on capital expenses, not on personnel/operating expenses.
- \* We currently have a \$19.8M budget gap in our capital program through 2023. The additional funding will go a long way towards closing that gap.
- \* Between 2008 and 2013, capital expenses average \$3.1M a year. For the last 3 years, capital expenses averaged \$4.5M. Since stagnant funding has required us to push many projects into later years, our current capital needs will require an average spending of \$7.6M through 2023.

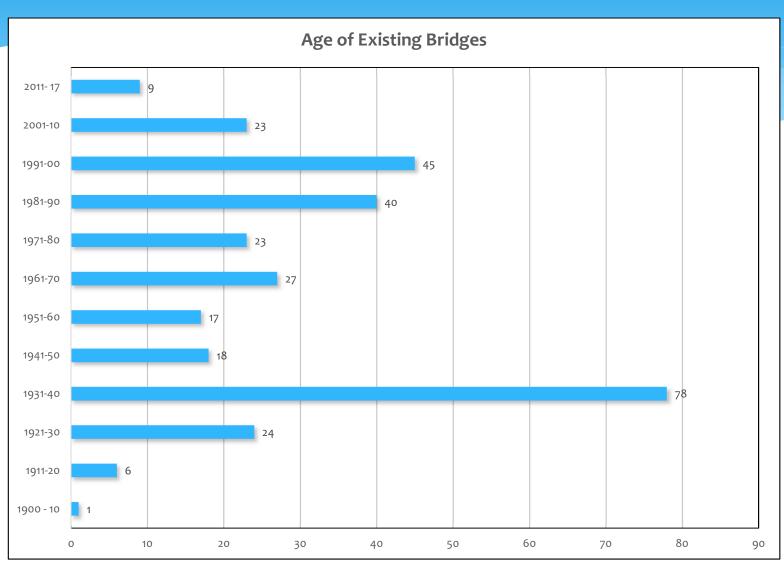
### Gap in Capital Funding



#### Bridges

- \* SCE owns and maintains 311 bridges.
  - \* Townships: 116
  - \* Cities: 178
  - \* Villages: 17
- \* We have 13 structurally deficient bridges in our inventory.
- \* We have 32 functionally obsolete bridges in our inventory.
- \* We have 96 bridges that are over 77 years old.

## Age of Existing Bridges



#### Bridges

- \* In order to replace the 96 oldest bridges in our inventory within 20 years we would need to replace 5 bridges a year.
- \* We currently average 2 bridge replacements a year.
- \* Planned bridge improvements through 2023 will require an average of \$2.8M per year from the MVGT fund.
- \* These costs do not include the needs of the High Level Bridge.

#### Roads

- \* According to Pavement Management Group's budget scenarios created for our office, we will have to spend at least \$3M annually on standard roadway maintenance such as hot mix resurfacing, crack sealing, and chip and sealing in order to increase our pavement condition rating average.
- \* In addition to the \$3M, we will need to provide matching funds for larger road reconstruction projects that are funded with federal dollars.

#### Landslides

- \* Landslides are costly to fix and grant money is scarce for landslide stabilization projects.
- \* Currently, high priority landslides areas are on Bath Road, Yellow Creek Road, Martin Road, and Boston Mills Road.
- \* We estimate Bath Road, Yellow Creek Road, and Martin Road will each take between \$500,000 and \$900,000 to repair.
- \* Boston Mills Road has a series of 5 landslides which could cost up to \$5M to fix.

#### Economic Development

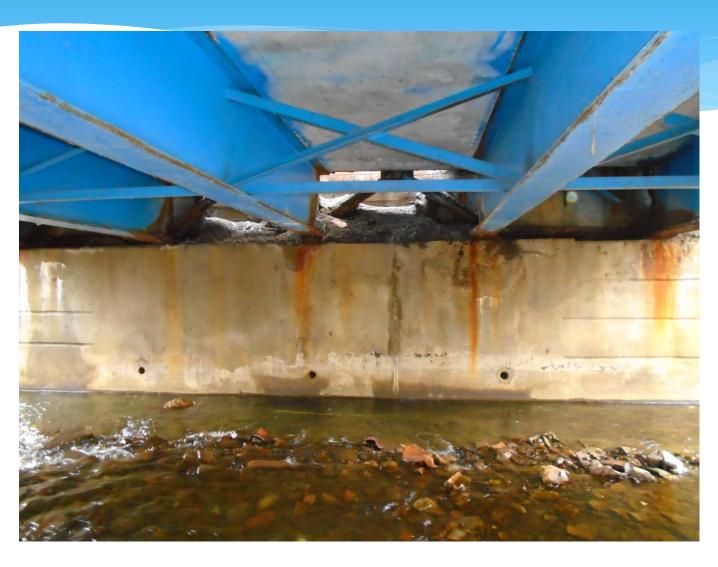
- \* The Engineer and Executive offices propose creating a grant program open to all cities, villages, and townships for transportation projects that meet the authorized purpose of funding laid out in ORC Section 4504.24(A)(2).
- \* \$250,000 a year from the new funding will be available for road projects that promote economic growth, create additional jobs or retain existing jobs in Summit County.
- \* We will be working together in the coming months to develop guidelines, policies, and processes for the program.

#### A Picture Says a Thousand Words: A Few Bridges in Need of Repair

#### North Main Street over the Howard Street Ramp - Akron



#### Kent Street over the Little Cuyahoga River - Akron



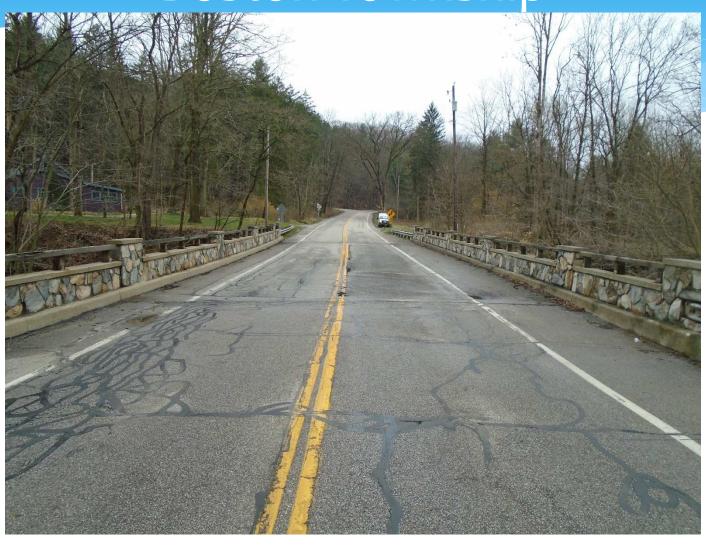
#### Riverview Road over Unnamed Stream near I-271 – Boston Township



### Akron-Peninsula Road over Salt Run – Boston Township



#### Wheatley Road over Furnace Run: Boston Township



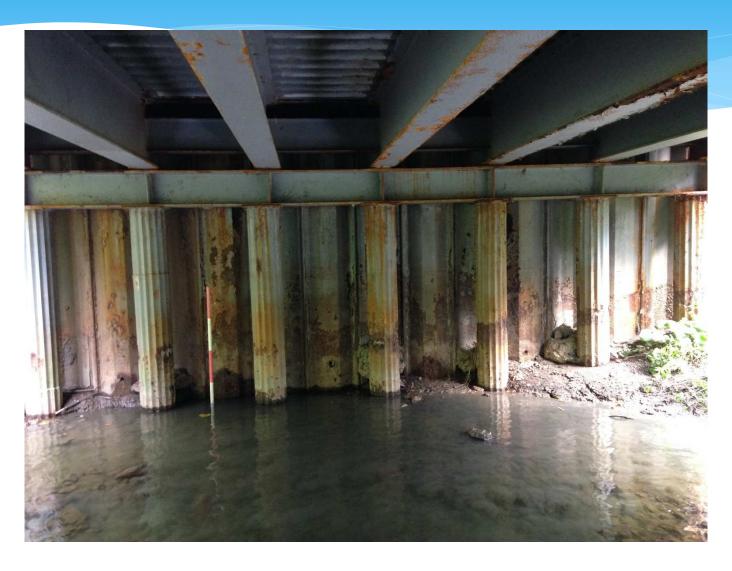
### Riverview Road over Furnace Run: Cuyahoga Falls



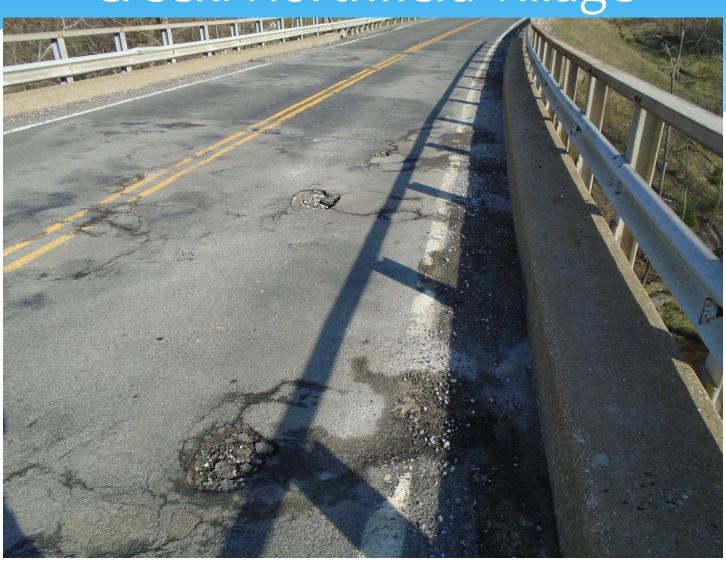
# Benner Road over Nimisila Creek: New Franklin



## Prospect Street over Brandywine Creek: Hudson



# Brandywine Road over Brandywine Creek: Northfield Village



### Brecksville Road over Furnace Run: Richfield Village



## Questions?

